NOTE: Plants grown with high levels of nitrogen have a higher requirement for Copper, especially when the nitrogen is in the ammonian form

FIRST AID

¥ For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Phone 131 126)

¥ If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. ¥ If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons

Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

¥ If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin

and hair with running water.

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Copper Deficiency

A copper deficiency can very likely occur in all soil types, especially in sandy or peaty soils, or after excessive applications of lime or dolomite. Copper is very important to citrus trees & vegetables. Deficiency symptoms vary considerably between plant species. Symptoms that may occur include: yellowing of young leaves with green spots remaining at the ends of veins. The young leaves become curled & chlorotic. The stem may become sunted & twisted.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

1 HEAPED TEASPOON = 5g

| Color | Colo

COPPER SULPHATE ANALYSIS

5% Copper (Cu) as Copper Sulphate 2% Sulphur (S) as Copper Sulphate /